1 or about May 9, 1946, verbal notice was given by the customs department to ohn V. Carr & Sons as agents for the shipper and importer, that samples had en taken and that the product should be kept intact until officially released; at the Continental Fruit Distributors shipped the product to Chicago, Ill., here it arrived on or about May 11, 1946; that the Meinrath Brokerage Co., linneapolis, Minn., on or about May 23 and 29, 1946, sold various portions f the product to three firms in Minneapolis, Minn.; that the Continental Fruit istributors, on or about June 3, 1946, and while the product was in storage at hicago, Ill., transferred title to the product to the Sunshine Fruit Company; lat the product was shipped from Chicago to Minneapolis on June 3, 1946, nd upon arrival at Minneapolis, Minn., was placed in storage to the accounts f the purchasing firms; that further samples of the product were taken by the 'ood and Drug Administration at Minneapolis on June 14, 1946; that on June 6, 1946, in connection with the sample taken at Minneapolis, the Food and )rug Administration issued a Notice of Detention and Hearing; that subseuent to this notice, withdrawals were made from storage by two of the purhasing firms; that on July 15, 1946, pursuant to the above notice, a hearing vas held at Chicago, Ill., after which the Food and Drug Administration issued ı statement requiring the exportation or destruction under customs supervision of the product as an import within three months from July 15, 1946; that on October 10, 1946, the statement was rescinded and notice thereof, as well as 10tice of the institution of seizure action, was given to the Continental Fruit Distributors; that neither the Continental Fruit Distributors nor the Sunshine Fruit Company repaid during the year 1946 the sales price of the product to the purchasers thereof; that the product was shipped in interstate commerce, irom Chicago to Minneapolis, by the Continental Fruit Distributors and the Sunshine Fruit Company; that the product was adulterated in interstate commerce; and that the Government was entitled to a decree of condemnation.

In accordance with these findings and conclusions, judgment was entered on July 13, 1948, providing for condemnation of the product and its release under bond for segregation of the unfit portion. On October 12, 1948, due to the default of the claimant in complying with the judgment of July 13, an order was entered providing that the product be disposed of for animal feed or destroyed.

049. Adulteration of frozen huckleberries. U. S. v. 117 Cans \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 25486. Sample No. 2738-K.)

(BEL FILED: August 20, 1948, District of Columbia.

LLEGED SHIPMENT: The product was in interstate commerce in the District of Columbia.

RODUCT: 117 cans, each containing approximately 40 pounds, of frozen huckleberries in the District of Columbia.

ATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of maggots.

risposition: December 28, 1948. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed.

1050. Adulteration of frozen grapes. U. S. v. 258 Baskets \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 25824. Sample No. 5156-K.)

IBEL FILED: October 13, 1948, District of Massachusetts.

LLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 13, 1948, by Ralph W. Emerson, from Wyoming, Del.

PRODUCT: 258 baskets, each containing approximately 18 pounds, of frozen grapes.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of maggots, and of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of mold.

Disposition: November 15, 1948. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

## MISCELLANEOUS FRUIT PRODUCTS\*

- 14051. Misbranding of jelly and preserves. U. S. v. Royal Palm Kitchens, a partnership, and Adolph C. Kordick and Joseph L. Cordell. Pleas of nolo contendere. Fine of \$1,000 and costs against the defendants, jointly. (F. D. C. No. 25578. Sample Nos. 16844-K to 16846-K, incl., 25205-K to 25208-K, incl., 27196-K, 27197-K.)
- INDICTMENT RETURNED: November 15, 1948, Northern District of Illinois, against the Royal Palm Kitchens, a partnership, Chicago, Ill., and Adolph C. Kordick and Joseph L. Cordell, partners.
- ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of November 24, 1947, and June 26, 1948, from the State of Illinois into the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, and Missouri.
- LABEL, IN PART: "Royal Palm Pure Strawberry [or "Blackberry" or "Black Raspberry"] Jelly," "Royal Palm Pure Black Raspberry Preserves," or "Honeymoon Brand Red Currant [or "Strawberry," "Black Raspberry," or "Mint"] Jelly."
- NATURE OF CHARGE: Jelly. Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the products failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for strawberry, blackberry, black raspberry, red current, and mint jellies since the various jellies were made from mixtures composed of less than 45 parts by weight of the various fruit juice ingredients to each 55 parts by weight of the saccharine ingredient and the mixtures had not been concentrated by heat to such a point that the soluble-solids content of the finished jellies was not less than 65 percent.

Black raspberry preserves. Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for black raspberry preserves since it was made from a mixture composed of less than 45 parts by weight of the fruit ingredient, black raspberry, to each 55 parts by weight of the saccharine ingredients and the mixture had not been concentrated by heat to such a point that the soluble-solids content of the finished black raspberry preserves was not less than 68 percent.

- DISPOSITION: December 22, 1948. Pleas of nolo contendere having been entered, a fine of \$1,000, together with costs, was imposed against the defendants, jointly.
- 14052. Adulteration and misbranding of raspberry-apricot preserves, straw-berry-peach preserves, raspberry preserves, and strawberry preserves. U. S. v. 7 Cases, etc. (and 2 other seizure actions). (F. D. C. Nos. 22661, 22905, 22906. Sample Nos. 74429-H, 74430-H, 74570-H, 74574-H, 74576-H.)

LIBELS FILED: March 4 and April 10, 1947, District of New Hampshire.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 24, 1946, and January 24, 27, and 30, 1947, by the Lincoln Fruit & Syrup Co., from Lawrence, Mass.

<sup>\*</sup>See also Nos. 13901-13904.